

/ Hammarskjöld, Dag

Dag Hammarskjöld som FN:s generalsekreterare - samling ...



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His Imperial Majesty Haile Selassie of Ethiopia and the Secretary-
General at Dinner given by the S/G on 1 June 1954

PHOTO BY: LEO ROSENTHAL

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(REF:CONS)

FRANCE RATIFIES CONVENTION ON STATUS OF REFUGEES.

UN 43369 - UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., 23 June 1954 -

France has formally accepted the Convention relating to the Status of Refugees, which establishes minimum rights for refugees under the mandate of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees, including the right to asylum, to work, to education, to public relief and to freedom of religion, and also provides for issuance of travel documents to refugees. Ambassador Henri HOPPENOT (standing), France's Permanent Representative to the U.N., this afternoon deposited his Government's instrument of ratification to the Convention with Secretary-General Dag HALLMARSKJÖLD, who is seen here signing the procès-verbal of deposit.

The Convention, which was adopted at a 26-nation U.N. Conference in Geneva in July 1951, came into force on 22 April 1954. It has been formally accepted by nine governments. The French instrument states that the Convention applies "to all territories for the international relations of which France is responsible."

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Please credit: UNITED NATIONS

LA FRANCE RATIFIE LA CONVENTION RELATIVE AU STATUT DES REFUGIES

EN 43369 - NATIONS UNIES, N.Y., 23 juin 1954 -

La France a ratifié la Convention relative au statut des réfugiés. M. Henri HOPPENOT, Représentant permanent de la France auprès de l'ONU, est venu cet après-midi remettre l'instrument de ratification à M. Dag HALLMARSKJÖLD, Secrétaire général des Nations Unies.

Cette convention, qui avait été adoptée par 26 pays en juillet 1951, et qui est entrée en vigueur le 22 avril dernier, définit les droits juridiques, économiques et sociaux des réfugiés relevant du mandat du Haut Commissaire des Nations Unies pour les réfugiés. A ce jour, elle a été ratifiée par neuf pays; la ratification de la France est valide pour tous les territoires dont la France administre les affaires étrangères. Sur cette photographie, on voit M. Hallmarskjöld signer le procès-verbal de dépôt de ratification, et, debout à gauche, M. Hoppenot.

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(REF:CONS)

FRANCE RATIFIES CONVENTION ON STATUS OF REFUGEES

UN 43366 - UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., 23 June 1954 -

France has formally accepted the Convention relating to the Status of Refugees, which establishes minimum rights for refugees under the mandate of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees, including the right to asylum, to work, to education, to public relief and to freedom of religion, and also provides for issuance of travel documents to refugees. Ambassador Henri HOPPENOT (seated), France's Permanent Representative to the U.N., this afternoon deposited his Government's instrument of ratification to the Convention with Secretary-General Dag HAMMARSKJOLD (standing).

Mr. Hoppenot is seen here signing the procès-verbal of deposit.

The Convention, which was adopted at a 26-nation U.N. conference in Geneva in July 1951, came into force on 22 April 1954. It has been formally accepted by nine governments. The French instrument states that the Convention applies "to all territories for which the international relations of which France is responsible."

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